

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Article 31, Annex II as amended

Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid

Issue Date: Last revised date: 16.01.2013 12.01.2023 Version: 1.5

SDS No.: 000010021823 1/15

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name:	Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid
Trade name:	BIOGON® C liquid 3.0 (E290), BIOGON® C nedkjølt,flytende, LIC Laser, VERISEQ® Process liquid carbon dioxide 2.5, LIC 2.7 Green house, LIC 2.7 Industrial, LIC 2.8, LIC 3.0 Process, LIC 4.0 Industrial, LIC 4.0 Food, VERISEQ® research liquid Carbon dioxide 4.0, Liquid Carbon dioxide 4.0 Cooling System, Liquid Carbon dioxide 4.0 TRACE, Liquid Carbon dioxide 2.8 Transport Cooling, Carbon dioxide 4.0 REFRIGERANT, Refrigerant R744
Additional identification	
Chemical name:	Carbon dioxide
Chemical formula:	C02
INDEX No.	-
CAS-No.	124-38-9
EC No.	204-696-9
REACH Registration No.	Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), exempted from registration.
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the subst	ance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses: Uses advised against	Industrial and professional. Perform risk assessment prior to use. Aerosol propellant. Balance gas for mixtures. Beverage applications. Biocidal uses. Blanketing gas. Calibration gas. Carrier gas. Chemical synthesis. Combustion, melting and cutting processes. Fire suppressant gas. Food packaging gas. Freezing, Cooling and heat transfer. Inerting gas. Inflation systems. Laboratory use. Laser gas. Plant growth promoter. Pressure head gas, operational assist gas in pressure systems. Process gas. Refrigerant. Test gas. Consumer use. Beverage applications. Propellant gas. Shielding gas in gas welding. Water treatment. pH/neutralising agent. Industrial or technical grade is unsuitable for medical and/or food applications or inhalation.
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety d	ata sheet
Supplier Linde Gas AS Postboks 13 Nydalen N-0409 Oslo	Telephone: +4723177200
F-mail , sds ren@linde.com	

E-mail: sds.ren@linde.com



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1.4 Emergency telephone number: +47 22 59 13 00 (24h - Giftinformasjonssentralen)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.

Physical Hazards

Gases under pressure

Refrigerated liquefied gas H281: Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury.

2.2 Label Elements

Signal Word:	Warning
Hazard Statement(s):	H281: Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury.
Precautionary Statements General	None.
Prevention:	P282: Wear cold insulating gloves and either face shield or eye protection.
Response:	P336+P315: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
Storage:	P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	None.
Supplemental information	EIGA-As: Asphyxiant in high concentrations.
2.3 Other hazards	None.



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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Chemical name INDEX No.: CAS-No.: EC No.: REACH Registration No.:	Carbon dioxide - 124-38-9 204-696-9 Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), exempted from
Purity:	registration. 100%
	The purity of the substance in this section is used for classification only, and does not represent the actual purity of the substance as supplied, for which other documentation should be consulted.
Trade name:	BIOGON® C liquid 3.0 (E290), BIOGON® C nedkjølt,flytende, LIC Laser, VERISEQ® Process liquid carbon dioxide 2.5, LIC 2.7 Green house, LIC 2.7 Industrial, LIC 2.8, LIC 3.0 Process, LIC 4.0 Industrial, LIC 4.0 Food, VERISEQ® research liquid Carbon dioxide 4.0, Liquid Carbon dioxide 4.0 Cooling System, Liquid Carbon dioxide 4.0 TRACE, Liquid Carbon dioxide 2.8 Transport Cooling, Carbon dioxide 4.0 REFRIGERANT, Refrigerant R744

Chemical name	Chemical formula	Concentration		REACH Registration No.		Notes
Carbon dioxide	CO2	100%	124-38-9	Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), exempted from registration.	-	#

The concentrations of the components in the SDS header, product name on page one and in section 3.2 are in mol due to regulatory requirements. All concentrations are nominal.

This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.



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SECTION 4: First aid measures

General:	In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
4.1 Description of first aid measures	
Inhalation:	In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped. Low concentrations of CO2 cause increased respiration and headache.
Eye contact:	Rinse the eye with water immediately. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical assistance. If medical assistance is not immediately available, flush an additional 15 minutes.
Skin Contact:	Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin. If clothing is saturated with the liquid and adhering to the skin then the area should be thawed with lukewarm water prior to removing the clothing.
Ingestion:	Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:	Respiratory arrest. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling.
4.3 Indication of any immediate med	ical attention and special treatment needed
Hazards:	Respiratory arrest. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling.
Treatment:	Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.



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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General Fire Hazards:	Heat may cause the containers to explode.
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media:	Material will not burn. In case of fire in the surroundings: use appropriate extinguishing agent.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	None.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:	None.
Hazardous Combustion Products:	None.
5.3 Advice for firefighters Special fire fighting procedures:	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Use extinguishants to contain the fire. Isolate the source of the fire or let it burn out.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Guideline: EN 469 Protective clothing for firefighters. Performance requirements for protective clothing for firefighting. EN 15090 Footwear for firefighters. EN 659 Protective gloves for firefighters. EN 443 Helmets for fire fighting in buildings and other structures. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open- circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.
6.2 Environmental Precautions:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:	Provide adequate ventilation. Liquid spillages can cause embrittlement of structural materials.



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6.4 Reference to other sections: Refer to sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage:

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Refer to supplier's handling instructions. The substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the container contents. When moving containers, even for short distances, use appropriate equipment eq. trolley, hand truck, fork truck etc. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Provide adequate ventilation. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Avoid suckback of water, acid and alkalis. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminates particularly oil and water. If user experiences any difficulty operating container valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one container to another. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Stored including any incompatibilities: containers should be periodically checked for general conditions and leakage. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible material. 7.3 Specific end use(s): None.



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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical name	Туре	Exposure Limit	t Values	Source
Carbon dioxide	TWA	5.000 ppm	9.000 mg/m3	EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, as amended (12 2009)
	NORMEN	5.000 ppm	9.000 mg/m3	Norway. Regulation No. 1358 on Measures and Limit Values for Physical and Chemical Factors in Work Environment and Infection Groups for Biological Factors, as amended (12 2014)
	TWA	5.000 ppm	9.000 mg/m3	EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, as amended (12 2009)

8.2 Exposure controls

controls:

Consider a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities. Ensure adequate Appropriate engineering air ventilation. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Preferably use permanent leak tight connections (eq. welded pipes). Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. CO2 detectors should be used when CO2 may be released.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to General information: assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered. Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

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Last revised date: 12.01.2023 8/15 Eye/face protection: Safety evewear, goggles or face-shield to EN166 should be used to avoid exposure to liquid splashes. Wear eye protection to EN 166 when using gases. Guideline: EN 166 Personal Eye Protection. Skin protection Hand Protection: Guideline: EN 511 Protective gloves against cold. Additional Information: Wear cold insulating gloves. Body protection: Wear apron or protective clothing in case of contact. Other: Wear safety shoes while handling containers Guideline: ISO 20345 Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear. When allowed by a risk assessment a supplied air respirator may be used. The **Respiratory Protection:** selection of the Respiratory Protective Device (RPD) must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected RPD. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres Guideline: EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking. Thermal hazards: If there is a risk of contact with the liquid, all protective equipment should be suitable for extremely low temperatures. Hygiene measures: Specific risk management measures are not required beyond good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Environmental exposure For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. controls:

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state:	Gas
Form:	Refrigerated liquefied gas
Color:	Colorless
Odor:	Odorless
Odor Threshold:	Odor threshold is subjective and is inadequate to warn of over exposure.
pH:	Not applicable.

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Melting Point:	-56,6 °C
Boiling Point:	-57 °C (5,2 bar)
Sublimation Point:	-78,5 °C
Critical Temp. (°C):	31,0 °C
Flash Point:	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.
Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability (solid, gas):	This product is not flammable.
Flammability Limit - Upper (%):	Not applicable.
Flammability Limit - Lower (%):	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure:	45,1 bar (10 °C)
Vapor density (air=1):	1,522 (21 °C)
Relative density:	No data available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in Water:	2,900 mg/l (25 °C)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	0,83
Autoignition Temperature:	Not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature:	Not known.
Viscosity	
Kinematic viscosity:	No data available.
Dynamic viscosity:	0,07 mPa.s (20 °C)
Explosive properties:	Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties:	Not applicable.
9.2 Other information:	Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.
Molecular weight:	44,01 g/mol (CO2)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity:	No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-section below.
10.2 Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:	None.
10.4 Conditions to avoid:	None.



SAFETY DATA SHEET According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Article 31, Annex II as amended Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid Version: 1.5 Issue Date: 16.01.2013 SDS No.: 000010021823 Last revised date: 12.01.2023 10/15 10.5 Incompatible Materials: Cryogenic liquids can cause embrittlement of some metals and alter the physical properties of other materials. No reaction with any common materials in dry or wet conditions. 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products Products: should not be produced. SECTION 11: Toxicological information General information: In high concentrations may cause rapid circulatory deterioration even at normal levels of oxygen concentration. Symptoms are headache, nausea and vomiting, which may lead to unconsciousness and even death. 11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity - Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Product Acute toxicity - Dermal Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Acute toxicity - Inhalation

ProductBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Skin Corrosion/Irritation
ProductBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
ProductBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory or Skin SensitizationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ProductBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Germ Cell Mutagenicity
ProductBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Carcinogenicity
ProductBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Reproductive toxicityBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product



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Product	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific Target Organ ⁻ Product	Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration Hazard	
Product	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General information:	Not applicable	
12.1 Toxicity		
Acute toxicity Product	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
12.2 Persistence and Degradability Product	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Product	The subject product is expected to biodegrade and is not expected to persist for long periods in an aquatic environment.	
12.4 Mobility in soil Product	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Product	Not classified as PBT or vPvB.	
12.6 Other adverse effects:	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		

13.1 Waste treatment methods

General information:	Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Vent
	to atmosphere in a well ventilated place.



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Disposal methods:Refer to the EIGA code of practice (Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at
http://www.eiga.org) for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Dispose
of container via supplier only. Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to
national, state, or local laws.European Waste Codes
Container:16 05 05:Gases in pressure containers other than those mentioned in 16 05

04.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

<i>'</i> ''		
	14.1 UN Number: 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name:	UN 2187 CARBON DIOXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID
	14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)	
	Class:	2
	Label(s):	2.2
	Hazard No. (ADR):	22
	Tunnel restriction code:	(C/E)
	14.4 Packing Group:	-
	14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
	14.6 Special precautions for user:	-

RID

14.1 UN Number: 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name 14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)	UN 2187 CARBON DIOXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID
Class:	2
Label(s):	2.2
14.4 Packing Group:	–
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user:	–



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IMDG	
14.1 UN Number:	UN 2187
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name:	CARBON DIOXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2.2
Label(s):	2.2
EmS No.:	F-C, S-V
14.4 Packing Group:	-
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user:	-

IATA

14.1 UN Number: 14.2 Proper Shipping Name: 14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es):	UN 2187 Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid
Class: Label(s):	2.2 2.2, 74C
 14.4 Packing Group: 14.5 Environmental hazards: 14.6 Special precautions for user: Other information Passenger and cargo aircraft: Cargo aircraft only: 	– Not applicable – Allowed. Allowed.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: Not applicable

hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or	Additional identification:	leaking. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Ensure
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

EU Regulations

EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III) on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, Annex 1, as SDS_NO - 000010021823

amended.: Not applicable



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National Regulations	
	Council Directive 89/391/EEC on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work Directive 2016/425/EEC on personal protective equipment Only products that comply with the food regulations (EC) No. 1333/2008 and (EU) No. 231/2012 and are labelled as such may be used as food additives. This Safety Data Sheet has been produced to comply with Regulation (EU) 2015/830.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment:	Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), exempted from registration. A CSA does not need to be carried out for this product.
SECTION 16: Other information	
Revision Information:	Not relevant.
Key literature references and sources for data:	 Various sources of data have been used in the compilation of this SDS, they include but are not exclusive to: Agency for Toxic Substances and Diseases Registry (ATSDR) (http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/). European Chemical Agency: Guidance on the Compilation of Safety Data Sheets. European Chemical Agency: Information on Registered Substances http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx#search European Industrial Gases Association (EIGA) Doc. 169 "Classification and Labelling guide", as amended. International Programme on Chemical Safety (http://www.inchem.org/) ISO 10156:2010 Gases and gas mixtures - Determination of fire potential and oxidizing ability for the selection of cylinder valve outlets. Matheson Gas Data Book, 7th Edition. National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST) Standard Reference Database Number 69. The ESIS (European chemical Substances 5 Information System) platform of the former European Chemical's National Library of Medicine's toxicology data network TOXNET (http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/index.html) Threshold Limit Values (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). Substance specific information from suppliers. Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of publication.



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Wording of the H-statements in section 2 and 3

5	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.		
	H281	Contains refrigerated gas; may cause cryogenic burns or injury.		
Training information:	Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training. Ensure operators understand the hazards.			
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.				
5 5		rig. Liq. Gas, H281		
Other information:	Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.			
Last revised date: Disclaimer:	correct. This in	on is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be nformation should be used to make an independent determination of o safeguard workers and the environment.		